# WILD GOOSE CHASE 

 Designed by Robert Kaufman Fabrics Featuring Quild of Greewww.robertkaufman.com


Finished quilt measures: 50" $\times 60$ "

Fabric amounts based on yardage that is 42 " wide.
Color Fabric Name/SKU Yardage Color Fabric Name/SKU Yardage


## Notes Before You Begin

- Read through all of the instructions before beginning.
- All of the seam allowances are $1 / 4$ " unless otherwise noted.
- Press seam allowances open unless otherwise noted.
- Width of fabric (WOF) is equal to at least 42" wide.
- Right sides together has been abbreviated to RST.
- Remember to measure twice and cut once!


## Cutting Instructions

## From Fabric A, cut:

one 60-1/2" x length of fabric piece. From this, cut:
one $10-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 60-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ piece for the left panel
one 20-1/2" $\times 60-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ piece for the right panel
From the remainder of the length of fabric piece, cut: two 5-1/2" x LOF strips. Subcut these to yield a total of:
twenty 5-1/2" squares for the flying geese
From the remaining yardage, cut:
four 5-1/2" x WOF strips. Subcut:
twenty-eight 5-1/2" squares for the flying geese, for a total of forty-eight
From Fabrics B-M, cut a total of:
twenty-four $5-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 10-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ rectangles for the flying geese
TIP: Cut 5-1/2" x WOF strips, then subcut 5-1/2" $\times 10-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ rectangles.
From the Binding Fabric, cut:
six 2-1/2" $\times$ WOF strips

## Assemble the Blocks

Step 1: Place a 5-1/2" Fabric A square RST at one end of a Fabric B rectangle. Mark a diagonal line on the wrong side of the square, as shown. Sew on the marked line and trim away the excess fabric, leaving a $1 / 4$ " seam allowance. Press toward the triangle.


Note: To avoid having a directional fabric be upside down in the final quilt, decide where the directional prints will be placed and sew the
 flying geese unit in the appropriate direction.

Step 2: Repeat Step 1 at the remaining end of the rectangle. The resulting flying geese block should measure $5-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 10-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$.


Step 3: Repeat with all remaining $5-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 10-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ rectangles to create twenty-four flying geese blocks.

## Assemble the Quilt



Step 4: Arrange twelve flying geese blocks to form a column, making sure that all flying geese blocks point up. Arrange the twelve remaining flying geese to form a second column, this time pointing down. Move and swap the blocks until you have a pleasing arrangement of fabrics, color and value.

Step 5: Sew each column together, pressing seams up in the left column and down in the right column.

Step 6: Sew the two columns together, nesting the seams and pressing the seam open.

Step 7: Sew the $10-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 60-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ Fabric A panel to the left edge of the flying geese unit. Sew the 20$1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 60-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ Fabric A panel to the right edge of the flying geese unit. Press the seams toward the Fabric A panels.

Your quilt top is complete! Baste, quilt, bind and enjoy!

