# SALEM CITY MUNICIPAL CODE

# TITLE THIRTEEN – SUBDIVISIONS

(Ordinance# 11724)

# **Table of Contents**

CHAPTER 1- GENERAL PROVISIONS.	2
CHAPTER 2- CONVENTIONAL SUDIVISIONS.	8
CHAPTER 3- PLATS REQUIRED.	10

#### **CHAPTER 1 - GENERAL PROVISIONS**

# 13-1-010. General.

The intent of this title is as follows:

- A. To facilitate the orderly development of the city in accordance with the city's comprehensive general plan; (Ord. No. 6-20-05)
- B. To implement the city's major street plan;
- C. To facilitate the development of a safe and efficient street system;
- D. To facilitate the orderly transfer of the ownership of building sites in a manner consistent with state law;
- E. To facilitate adequate provisions for water, sewer, drainage, utilities, and other services;
- F. To establish the rights, duties, and responsibilities of subdividers and developers with respect to the development of land.

#### 13-1-020. <u>Definitions</u>.

- 1. **Affected Entity.** A government entity, school district, public utility, interlocal cooperative entity, or service or similar district whose facilities are likely to require expansion or significant modification because of an intended use of land or the entity's facilities or boundaries are within one mile of land which is the subject of a land use ordinance change. (Ord. No. 6-20-05)
- 2. **Block.** The land surrounded by streets and other rights-of-ways other than an alley, or land which is designated or shown as a block on any recorded subdivision plat, or official map of plat adopted by the city council.
- 3. **City.** The City of Salem.
- 4. **City Engineer.** The person appointed by the city to be the city engineer.
- 5. **Completion Date.** The date the entire subdivision or development is completed and an approved final inspection statement is given.
- 6. **Construction Plans and Profiles.** Plans drawn by a registered civil engineer or land surveyor showing all required improvements including the location, size, grade and elevations. 13-2 Updated 2/6/2020
- 7. **Construction and Development Standards.** The Development Standards as referred to in this title and adopted by the city council.
- 8. **Council or City Council.** The governing body of the city.
- 9. **Conventional Subdivision:** Any exclusively residential subdivision of property for single family, two-family, or townhome development which meets all development standards adopted by ordinances and all minimum lot size and frontage requirements identified by the applicable zoning district.
- 10. **Developer.** Person, persons, partnership or corporation developing residential, commercial or industrial property.

- 11. **Development Review Committee or DRC:** A committee that provides technical review, analysis, and recommendations to the Planning and Zoning Commission and the City Council as related to the City's Comprehensive General Plan, Zoning Ordinances, Subdivisions, Capital Facilities Plan, and Site Plans. (Ord. No. 6-20-05). The DRC shall be the land use authority as it pertains to preliminary and final plats for conventional subdivisions creating lots for single-family, two-family dwellings, and townhomes. The DRC shall also serve as the land use authority for all final subdivision plats and subdivisions by metes and bounds.
- 12. **Engineer**. A person registered with the State of Utah to practice as a professional engineer.
- 13. **Final Approval**. The final approval of the city council and signing of the plat by the mayor and council.
- 14. **Final Decision**. A decision by a land use authority which approves, approves with conditions, or denies a land use application. A final decision is made by motion and majority vote in a public meeting, or by a written decision if no vote is taken in a public meeting. When a final decision is made by a staff person, it is when the application is either approved or denied in writing. (Ord. No. 6-20-05)—
- 15. **Final Grading**. The last stages of excavation or filling or combination of excavation or filling prior to the installation of concrete or bituminous paving.
- 16. **Final Plat**. A map or plat drawn on mylar or linen in a form as approved by the County Records, showing all lots, streets, utility easements, etc.
- 17. **Formally Initiated**. An act taken to change or modify a land use ordinance by application or by motion of the Planning and Zoning Commission or City Council, made in a public meeting. (Ord. No. 6-20-05)
- 18. **Improved Lot**. A lot which has all the improvements required in this chapter.
- 19. **Improvements**. Includes roads, streets, curb, gutters, sidewalks, gradings, landscaping, water and sewer systems, drainage systems, fences, and public facilities required by this chapter.
- 20. **Land Surveyor**. A person registered with the State of Utah to practice as a licensed land surveyor.
- 21. **Land Use Authority**. A person, board, commission, agency, or other body designated by ordinance to act upon a land use application. (Ord. No. 6-20-05)
- 22. **Land Use Ordinance**. A Planning, Zoning, Development, or Subdivision Ordinance of the City, but does not include the Comprehensive General Plan. (Ord. No. 6-20-05)
- 23. **Lot**. A parcel or tract of land within a subdivision which is or may be occupied by a building or structure and the accessory buildings, structures or uses customarily incident thereto, including such open spaces as are arranged and designed to be used in connection with the building according to the zone within which the lot is located.
- 24. **Master Plan**. The comprehensive land use plan document as approved by the city council.
- 25. **Non-Conventional Subdivision:** Any subdivision which is not a Conventional Subdivision, including but not limited to one or more of the following processes or considerations:

- a. Subdivision which includes Commercial or Industrial Development
- b. Any subdivision requiring a Master Plan Development (MPD) or similar approval memorialized by a development agreement.
- c. Condominiums and Apartment Complexes.
- 26. **Offsite Facilities**. Facilities outside of the boundaries of the subdivision or development site which are designated and located to serve the needs of the subdivision or development or adjacent property, usually lying between a development and existing facilities.
- 27. **Onsite Facilities**. Facilities installed within or on the perimeter of the subdivision or development site.
- 28. **Parcel of Land**. A contiguous area of land in the possession or ownership of one person.
- 29. **Planning Commission.** The Planning and Zoning Commission of Salem City. The planning commission shall review preliminary plats for non-conventional subdivisions and make recommendations to the city council, acting as the land use authority, for approval
- 30. **Preliminary Plat**. A map or plat of a proposed subdivision or development with accompanying supplementary documents.
- 31. **Public Utility Easements**. The easements required to place public utilities across any privately owned property.
- 32. **Sensitive Lands**. Lands having any of the following characteristics: slopes in excess of 30%, wetlands, 100-year floodplain, natural drainages, fault zones, streams, lakes, canals, and irrigation ditches. (Ord. 9-20-06A) 13-4 Updated 2/6/2020
- 33. **Streets**. A thoroughfare which has been dedicated and accepted by the city council, which the city has acquired by prescriptive right or which the city owns, or is offered for dedication on an approved recorded final plat. For further explanation see the streets section of the Construction and Development Standards.
- 34. **Subdivision.** Any land that is divided, redivided or proposed to be divided into two (2) or more lots, parcels, sites, units, plots or other division of land for the purpose, whether immediate or future, for offer, sale, lease or development, either on the installment plan or upon any and all other plans, terms and conditions, including re-subdivision. Subdivision includes the division or development of land, whether by deed, metes and bounds description, devise and testacy, lease, map, plat, or other recorded instrument, and divisions of land for all residential and nonresidential uses, including land used or to be used for commercial, agricultural and industrial purposes.
- 35. **Utilities.** Includes culinary water lines; irrigation lines; sanitary and storm sewer lines; gas lines; electric power lines; cable television and telephone transmission lines; underground conduits; and junction boxes and all appurtenances to the above.
- 36. **Warranty Period**. Warranty period is one year after city approval of subdivision improvements as one year after city approval of repairs or replacements of subdivision improvements whichever is longer.

37. **Zoning Ordinance**. The zoning ordinances of the City of Salem as adopted by the city council.

# 13-1-030. Approval Required.

- A. Subdividing land. It shall be unlawful for any person to create a subdivision or subdivide for the purpose of transferring, selling, conveying, or assigning any tract or parcel of land which is located wholly or in part in the city except in compliance with this ordinance.
- B. Subdivisions. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or exchange or to offer to sell or exchange any parcel of land which is part of a subdivision of land, or recorded in the office of the Utah County Recorder as a subdivision unless the subdivision has been approved by the city and complies with the provisions of this chapter.
- C. Building permit conditions. No building permit shall be issued until the final subdivision plat has been recorded by the city at the office of the Utah County Recorder.

## 13-1-040. <u>Exceptions</u>.

Land may be sold by metes and bounds descriptions without the necessity of recording a subdivision plat, if the following conditions are met:

- A. The subdivision contains less than 10 lots; 13-5 Updated 2/6/2020
- B. The subdivision shall have been first approved by the DRC;
- C. The subdivision is not traversed by the mapped lines of a proposed street as shown on the official map or maps of the municipality;
- D. The subdivision does not require the dedication of any land for street or other public purposes;
- E. Each lot in the subdivision meets the frontage, width, and area requirements as set forth under the zoning ordinance or has been granted a variance from such requirements by the City Council;
- F. All improvements required under chapter 3 of this title shall have been installed without cost to the city.

## **13-1-050.** <u>Dedicated Streets</u>. (Ord. No. 10-8-96)

All streets shall be dedicated for public use. All streets proposed for dedication to the city shall conform to the minimum standards for paving and width. The city may not approve a street which is not fully paved the entire width necessary to meet the city requirements, unless the City

Council makes a finding of exceptional circumstance, such as a deviation which is necessary to meet the master street plan, to line up existing streets or similar unusual circumstances.

# 13-1-060. Lots Abutting Streets.

Each lot shall abut on a street dedicated by the subdivision plat or on an existing publicly dedicated street, or on a street which has become public by right of use and is more than fifty feet wide. (Ord. No. 6-20-05)

#### 13-1-070. Private Roads - Driveways.

All officials and employees of the city shall refrain from opening, accepting, grading, paving, or lighting the street, authorizing the laying of sewers and water mains, or making connections to public water or sewer lines in a street unless said street:

- A. Has received the status of a public street, either by prescription or dedication; or
- B. is shown on a plat of the subdivision which plat has received tentative approval by the City Council; or
- C. has been dedicated to and accepted by the City Council.

  No City officer or employee shall enter upon private driveways or roads for the purpose of maintaining or constructing the same, unless and until such private driveways or roads shall have first been made to comply with the standards for public streets for width and improvements and shall have been accepted as a public street or road by the Planning Commission and City Council.

#### 13-1-080. <u>Notices</u>.

Public hearings required by law shall be noticed by publishing in a newspaper of general circulation within the city and by posting on the city web page at least 10 days prior to the scheduled hearing. Notice shall also be mailed, sent by facsimile copy, or e-mailed to affected entities. (Ord. No. 6-20-05)

#### 13-1-90. Appeal Process.

- A. Any land use decision made under this title may be appealed by an interested party by following the procedures set forth in this section. All appeals shall be to the Appeal Authority identified in this title. Appeals from the Appeal Authority shall be to the District Court.
- B. All appeals must be in writing and, unless otherwise indicated, must be filed within 15 days from the date of a final decision by the appropriate land use authority.
- C. Appeals must be received in the office of the City Recorder, and any fees paid, within the appeal time limit.
- D. Matters considered by the Appeal Authority shall be de novo. Matters appealed to the District Court shall be a review of the record made before the Appeal

Authority or council. No matter may be considered on appeal which was not first presented to the land use authority for its consideration. (Ord. No. 6- 20-05)

# 13-1-100. Appeal Authority.

The City Council will act as the Appeal Authority for land use decisions made under this title, except those decisions made by the Council as the land use authority. In those instances when the Council is the land use authority, the appeal shall be filed directly with the District Court. All appeals shall follow the process set forth in §13-1-00, unless more specific procedures are set forth for a specific appeal. (Ord. No. 6-20-05)

#### **CHAPTER 2 – CONVENTIONAL SUBDIVISIONS**

#### 13-2-010 - Purpose.

A conventional subdivision as defined in section 13-1-020(9) of this code is a subdivision which is designed to meet all the standard criteria of the zoning district where it is proposed. As such, the review of a conventional subdivision is administrative in nature and an exercise in verifying whether or not the existing codified standards have been met. These types of subdivision are not subject to opinion or preference and are therefore under the purview of the City to provide simplicity and efficiency to the review process.

#### **13-2-020** – **Applicability**.

The conventional subdivision process shall be applied to those subdivision types defined by section 13-1-020(9) of this code as a conventional subdivision including the subdivision of property for single family, two family, and townhome development by plat or metes and bounds as further described in this title.

#### 13-2-030 - Process.

The process for review and approval of a conventional subdivision shall follow sections 10-9a-604.1 and 604.2 of the Utah State Code, as amended. The specific requirements for applications for preliminary and final plat applications are as established in sections 13-3-020 and 13-3-070 of this Title and the current Salem City Construction and Development Standards.

## 13-2-040 - Administrative Land Use Authority.

The Development Review Committee (DRC) is designated as the land use authority for both preliminary and final plat approvals for conventional subdivisions, including subdivisions by metes and bounds.

## 13-2-050 – Pre-application Schematic Plan.

- A. Optional Submittal for Conventional Subdivisions: A pre-application schematic plan is **not required** but is encouraged of all subdividers when pursuing a conventional subdivision. This provides the subdivider with an opportunity to consult with and receive assistance from the city regarding the regulations and design requirements applicable to the subdivision of property and facilitates resolution of problems and revisions before the preparation of a preliminary plat or more detailed documentations and plans. The schematic plan should be based on an accurate survey showing boundaries, topography, important physical features, adjacent properties, and the sketch of the proposed subdivision.
  - B. Pre-application Schematic Plans **DO NOT BIND THE CITY**. The pre-application schematic plan process is designed to provide the subdivider with helpful information and suggestions before the expense and time involved in preparing more detailed documentation is incurred. However, for conventional subdivisions. City

employees and all other officers of the city act in advisory capacity. Employees and officers of the city may make recommendations, suggestions, and dispense information regarding city ordinances and the master plan, but such comments shall in no way whatsoever be binding on the city at the schematic level of review. Submission of a pre-application schematic plan shall in no way confer any vested rights upon the subdivider. Vested rights may attach only upon the filing of a complete application for preliminary plat review of a conventional subdivision.

#### C. Submission:

- i. Items Included: The proposed pre-application schematic plan shall include the following items:
  - 1. A vicinity plan showing significant natural and manmade features on the site and within five hundred feet (500') of any portion of it; the property boundaries of the proposed subdivision; the names of adjacent property owners; topographic contours at no greater interval than five feet (5'); and north arrow.
  - 2. A proposed lot and street layout.
  - 3. A general description of the proposed utilities.
  - 4. A description of those portions of the property which are included in the most recent flood insurance rate maps prepared by FEMA.
  - 5. The total acreage of the entire tract proposed for subdivision.
  - 6. Proposed changes to existing zoning district boundaries or zoning classifications or conditional use permits, if any.

## 12-3-050 - Preliminary Plat.

An applicant shall submit plans and documents as outlined in Section 13-3-010 of this Title and the current Salem City Construction and Development Standards.

## **CHAPTER 3 – PLATS REQUIRED**

**13-3-010.** <u>Preliminary Plats - Filing</u>. (Ord. No. 11-26-96 – Section 13-2-010) (Ord. No. 5-6-98 – Section 13-2-010.)

Whenever a subdivision is to be filed, eight copies of the preliminary plat shall be prepared and presented to the City for approval as per sections 10-9a-604.1 and 604.2 of the Utah State Code. Filing fees, as established from time to time by resolution of the City Council, must be tendered before the preliminary plat will be accepted by the City. (Ord. No. 6-17-98 – Section 13-2-010[1])

1. Preliminary plats containing affordable housing units designated according to Salem City Municipal Code §14-8-050 shall receive an expedited review process.

## 13-3-020. Preliminary Plats - Form and Contents.

The preliminary plat of a subdivision shall contain the information listed in the current Salem City Construction and Development Standards.

# 13-3-030. Preliminary Plats - Approval Procedure.

- A. Each complete preliminary plat application submitted to the City shall be referred to the Development and Review Committee (DRC), sitting as the land use authority, for review to ensure conformity to the present ordinances and standards and to determine the adequacy and availability of public facilities. (Ord. No. 5-6-98 Section 13-2-030.) (Ord. No. 8-16-00-A)
- B. Approval of a preliminary subdivision plat shall not be granted until such time as the applicant has provided information, to the satisfaction of the DRC to establish that adequate public facilities exist as set forth in §13-3-010. (Ord. No. 6-20-05)
- C. The adequacy of public facilities shall be determined in accordance with the current Salem City Development and Construction Standards, the various master plans, and the Comprehensive General Plan of the City, and the DRC. Any party dissatisfied with the decision of the DRC may appeal to the City Council by filing a written appeal within ten days of the DRC decision.
- D. In the event the City determines that adequate public facilities are not available and will not be available by the time of final plat approval, so as to assure that adequate public services are available at the time of occupancy, the City may proceed as set forth in §13-4-020. (Ord. No. 6-20-05)
- E. If the plat is not complete or in conformity with the current Salem City Construction and Development Standards, or with this chapter, the DRC shall follow the processes and timelines in sections 10-9a-604.1 and 604.2 of the Utah

- State Code. If the plat is in conformity with all city code and standards, it will be approved by the DRC.
- F. Receipt of the signed copy of the preliminary plat shall be authorization for the developer to proceed with the preparation of plans and specifications for the minimum improvements hereinafter required by this title and with the preparation of the final plat. (Ord. No. 8-16-00-A) (Ord. No. 6-20-05)

## 13-3-040. Preliminary Plats - Duration of Approval.

The duration of approval of a preliminary plat is governed by the Salem City Construction and Development Standards

**13-3-050.** <u>Final Plats - Filing</u>. (Ord. No. 11-26-96 – Section 13-2-050) (Ord. No. 5-6-98 – Section 13-2-050)

Within one year after the approval of the preliminary plat or within the time for which an extension to make such filing has been granted, the original tracing and eight copies of a final plat, along with complete construction drawings of such subdivision shall be submitted to the City at least ten days before the Development Review Committee meeting at which the plat is to be reviewed.

# 13-3-060. Final Plats - Fees.

Filing fees, as established from time to time by resolution of the City Council, must be tendered before filing of the final plat with the City will be accepted.

#### 13-3-070. Final Plats - Form and Contents.

The final plat of a subdivision shall be in compliance with the current Salem City Construction and Development Standards and in a format approved by Utah County.

#### 13-3-080. Final Plats - Approval Procedure.

Each complete final plat application shall be submitted to DRC for review to ensure conformity to the present ordinances and the current Salem City Construction and Development Standards and for the adequacy and availability of public facilities. If the final plat is not complete or is not in conformity, the City shall conform and follow the processes and timelines in sections 10-9a-604.1 and 604.2, Utah Code. If the final plat is in conformity with this chapter and Salem City Construction and Development Standards, it will be submitted to the DRC with suggestions and comments noted thereon. After considering the recommendations of staff, the DRC may table the matter, approve, or grant approval upon conditions stated. The DRC acts as the land use authority. If approved, the City Mayor and City Engineer shall sign the final plat. If a ditch is to be piped or abandoned, the applicable irrigation company, which owns the ditch

shall also have a representative sign the plat indicating their approval. In the event the irrigation company refuses to sign, the City will request a letter from the irrigation company indicating why they refuse to sign. If the City determines the reason to be unreasonable, it may record the plat without the irrigation company signature. If any conditions are attached, the final plat shall be amended to reflect such changes and an accurate plat shall be submitted to the City Engineer, prior to signing by the Mayor and Engineer. (Ord. No. 5-8-98 – Section 13-2-080) (Ord. No. 04-07-04B)

Each final plat, including all phases of a preliminary plat, are subject to conformance with current Salem City Construction and Development Standards, policies, and regulations that are in effect at the time of approval for each of the final plats. (Ord. No. 6-20-05)

# 13-3-090. Final Plats - Title Documentation.

Evidence of title is to be supplied by a policy of title insurance or a preliminary title report, or in such other form as may be required by the city, verifying that the owners listed in the owners' certificate of dedication have sufficient control over the premises to effectuate said dedication without boundary exceptions.

## 13-3-100. Final Plats - Security/Performance Bond.

- A. The developer of a subdivision shall bond for the proper and timely installation of all subdivision improvements required by the City.
- B. The developer's bond shall guarantee that all required improvements will:
  - 1. Be constructed in accordance with Salem City's Construction and Development Standards and the construction drawings approved by the City.
  - 2. Be completed and pass City inspection within one (1) year of the date that the final plat is recorded, or any extensions granted by the City Council.
  - 3. Remain free from defects for a period of one (1) year following the date that all improvements pass City inspection. The developer shall repair or replace any improvements which are or become defective during this time period. All repairs or replacements shall be made to the satisfaction of the City. All repairs or replacements shall remain free from defects for a period of one year following the repair or replacement and after passing city inspection. The city may retain the developer's bond until the repairs have lasted through the warranty period and may take action on the bond if necessary to properly complete the repairs.
- C. The bond guaranteeing the developer's timely and proper installation of required improvements shall be equal in value to at least one hundred percent (100%) of the cost of the required improvements, as estimated by the City Engineer, plus a warranty amount in an additional amount of ten percent (10%) of the total estimated cost of the project improvements pursuant to Salem City's Construction and Development Standards. The purpose of the bond is to enable the City to make or complete the required improvements in the event of the developer's inability or failure to do so. The City need not complete the required

improvements before collecting on the bond. The City may, in its sole discretion, delay taking action on the bond and allow the developer to complete the improvements if it receives adequate assurances that the improvements will be completed in a timely and proper manner. One hundred percent (100%) of the bond may be in an irrevocable letter of credit, escrow bond, or cash as set forth in subparagraph (D). The warranty amount may be ten (10%) of the total estimated cost of the project improvements must be posted in cash. The warranty amount will be used to make up any deficiencies in the bond amount, to reimburse the City for collection costs, including attorney's fees, and to serve as a one year warranty on improvements, as set forth in sub-paragraph (F). (Ordinance 101514B)

- D. The bond shall be an irrevocable letter of credit, escrow bond or cash bond in favor of the City. The City must approve any bond submitted pursuant to this section. The City reserves the right to reject any of the bond types if it has a rational basis for doing so. Letters of credit and escrow bonds shall be from a federally insured bank and shall be submitted on standard forms. (Ord. No. 6-20-05)
- E. Cash Bond.
  - A developer may use a cash bond by tendering the required bond amount in cash or certified funds to the City.
  - 2. Partial releases may be made from the cash bond as allowed for other bond types.
  - 3. The City shall not pay any interest on funds held as a cash bond.
- F. A sum equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the total bond amount, if posted in an irrevocable letter of credit or escrow bond, or fifteen percent (15%) of the total bond amount, if posted in cash, shall be held and not released for a period of one year after all improvements are completed and final inspection is made by the City. (Ord. No. 1-10-95 / Section 13-3-100[F]). (Ord. No. 11-19-08)
- G. No final subdivision plat shall be recorded until the developer of the subdivision has tendered the bond and entered into an agreement with the City in which the developer agrees to install the improvements as required by this Chapter and agrees to indemnify and hold the City harmless from any claims, suits or judgments arising from the condition of property dedicated to the City, from the time that the property is dedicated to the City to the time when the improvements on the dedicated property are finally accepted by the City (including the passage of the warranty period).
- H. If, for any reason, the funds or bonds set aside or provided for the guarantee of improvements are insufficient to properly complete the improvements, the developer shall be personally liable to complete the 13-13 Updated 2/6/2020 improvements required by this Chapter. If the developer is a corporation, the principal officers of the corporation shall be personally liable to complete the improvements.
- I. The bonds required by this Section are for the sole benefit of the City. The bonds are not for the individual benefit of any citizen or identifiable class of citizens, including the owners or purchasers of lots within the subdivision. The bonds are

not for the purpose of ensuring payment of contractors, subcontractors or suppliers of labor or materials, and no contractors, subcontractors or suppliers of labor or materials shall have a cause of action against the City or the bond for providing labor or materials.

## 13-3-110. Final Plats - Water Transfer.

- A. Prior to receiving final plat approval, the subdivider or developer shall convey to the City the water rights for each lot or residential equivalent unit as set forth herein.
- B. The City has determined that 0.5-acre feet of water is required for indoor use for each residential or residential equivalent unit. If the City Engineer determines that the City has adequate indoor water for the project being proposed, a water master plan and/or water infrastructure (indoor or outdoor) needed by the City may be identified by the City Engineer and the developer may provide cash to the City to provide the planning and/or construct that infrastructure. The amount of cash will be based on the number of units times the market value of indoor water per acre foot at the time of development times by one-half. If the planning and/or infrastructure is not constructed immediately, the City shall place the money into an account specifically dedicated to water master planning and/or the identified water infrastructure and it may only be used for water master planning and/or to construct that infrastructure or a substitute infrastructure intended to replace and provide the same benefit as the identified water infrastructure. (Ordinance 12-13-17)
- C. The City has determined that for each residential unit built within the City, outdoor water in sufficient amounts to meet the water requirements for that size of lot shall be conveyed to the City. The amount to be transferred to meet the outdoor water requirement is shown in Table 1. Projects with common areas, such as multi-family uses, master planned projects, mixed use projects, or un-irrigable areas shall transfer the amount of water as determined by the City Engineer. The Engineer shall take into account permanent buildings, garages, and driveways. The decision of the Engineer is appealable to the City Council, following the process set forth in §13-1-090. (Ordinance 5-17-17-A) 13-14 TABLE 1 Lot Size in square feet Water Requirement in acre feet 5,000 0.14  $6,000\ 0.19\ 7,000\ 0.24\ 8,000\ 0.29\ 9,000\ 0.35\ 10,000\ 0.42\ 11,000\ 0.47\ 12,000\ 0.53$ 13,000 0.59 14,000 0.65 15,000 0.72 16,000 0.77 17,000 0.82 18,000 0.88 19,000 0.93 20,000 0.99 21,000 1.04 22,000 1.09 23,000 1.15 24,000 1.21 25,000 1.26 26,000 1.32 27,000 1.38 28,000 1.44 29,000 1.49 30,000 1.58 31,000 1.65 32,000 1.71 33,000 1.78 34,000 1.84 35,000 1.91 36,000 1.97 37,000 2.04 38,000 2.11 39,000 2.18 40,000 2.25 41,000 2.32 42,000 2.39 13-15 Updated 2/6/2020 43,000 2.46 44.000 2.53
- D. All non-culinary quality water historically associated with the land being developed must be transferred to the City to meet the non-culinary water

requirements of this section. The City may allow all of the water requirements to be met with non-culinary quality water until the balance of culinary quality and non-culinary quality water becomes more balanced. The City Engineer is authorized to determine how much culinary quality and non-culinary quality water will be accepted, provided that only the following water is acceptable: Strawberry Water, Salem Pond Company Water, water from any of the canal companies which draw their water from the Spanish Fork River, and underground water in Utah County with a point of diversion within the Mt. Nebo Water Agency boundaries, provided that any underground water within the Mt. Nebo Water Agency boundaries which has been transferred to that point of diversion from a source outside those boundaries cannot be approved unless the transfer from the outside source took place prior to September 1, 2014. (Ordinance 4-19-17)

- E. Commercial and industrial users shall transfer water based upon a residential equivalent unit, as determined by the City Engineer, who shall act as a land use authority for such decision, with the Council acting as the appeal authority.
- F. In the event of dispute over whether water was previously transferred, the property owner/developer shall have the burden of proof to establish the earlier transfer of water. In the event a previous transfer of water is insufficient to meet the amounts required herein, the developer is responsible to make up the difference.
- G. Properties located within the original charter of the City are exempt from the water transfer requirements of this section, having previously transferred water to the City. (Ord. No. 7-19-06)

**13-3-120.** <u>Final Plats - Recording.</u> (Ord. No. 11-28-95 – Section 13-2-120) (Ord. No. 5-8-98 – Section 13-2-120)

Following acceptance by the Development Review Committee (DRC), the final plat bearing all official approvals, shall be deposited in the office of the County Recorder for recording by the City. All costs of recording shall be paid for by the developer. Prior to submission for recording, all bonds for improvements as required by City Ordinance shall be deposited and/or placed on file with the City. Final plats must be recorded within one hundred eighty (180) days of acceptance and approval by the Development Review Committee. Any plat not recorded within that time shall be deemed null and void.

# **13-3-130.** Final Plats - Amendments. (Ord. No. 5-6-98 – Section 13-2-130)

A. No change shall be made in a plat which has received final approval unless and until approval for said change has been reviewed by the Development Review Committee and approval granted by the Planning and Zoning Commission and the City Council. Any change on a plat which has been recorded shall first require that the plat be vacated in accordance with the applicable provision of Utah State Law and a new plat of the territory approved and filed in accordance with the procedures and requirements of this ordinance.

B. A filing fee in an amount set from time to time by resolution of the City Council shall be paid at the time any proposed amendment is submitted.

## 13-3-140. Final Plat-Inspection Fees.

Prior to the recording of any final plat, an inspection fee in the amount of five percent (5%) of the bond amount as required in §13-2-100 shall be paid to Salem City. These fees shall be used to offset expenses incurred by the City, the Engineering and Public Works Departments incurred as a result of development. The City will track the actual expenses incurred by the City and reimburse the Developer for any unused portion of actual expenses below the five percent (5%) paid by the Developer. Conversely, the Developer is responsible for actual expenses that exceed the five percent (5%) paid by the Developer. (Ord. No. 6-16- 99 – Section 13-2-140) (Ord. No. 6-20-05)

# 13-3-150. Filing of Minor Subdivision Plat.

Minor Subdivision Plats may be used for approval of subdivisions of five (5) or fewer lots where those lots conform to applicable zoning standards and where all required infrastructure is adjacent to the subject property, or for lot line adjustments where public utility easement need to be obtained or adjusted by the City. Application for Minor Subdivision Plat approval can be made by completing an application form and submitting the materials to the City required by the construction and development standards of the City.

The City Engineer will review the submission and notify the applicant of any changes that must be made. Once these changes are made, a PDF file of the plat must be submitted to the Public Works Department. Once approved by the DRC, copies in the form and number as required by the Public Works Department shall be submitted. The Applicant must insure that a copy of the signed and approved construction plans is on site at all times during construction.

Each Minor Subdivision Plat shall be accompanied by a filing fee established by the City Council in its annual budget, together with any impact, inspection, testing, connection, or other fees which are due before recording.

## 13-3-160. Form and Contents of Minor Final Plats.

The Applicant must submit a Mylar of the Minor Subdivision Plat to the City in a format approved by the City and County. The Applicant must follow the City Construction and Development Standards.

# 13-3-170. Review and Approval Procedure of Minor Final Plats.

Minor Subdivision Plat and construction drawings shall be submitted to the City for review to insure conformity to the present ordinances and standards and for the adequacy and availability of public facilities. If the Minor Subdivision Plat or construction drawings are not in conformity, the City shall refer it back to the Applicant with a list of items necessary to bring the Minor Subdivision Plat or construction drawings into compliance. If the Minor Subdivision Plat and construction drawings are in conformity, the plat or complete drawings will be submitted to the Development Review Committee with suggestions and comments noted thereon. The DRC

shall act as the Land Use Authority for Minor Subdivision Plat approval. If approved, the Chair of the DRC, Public Works Director, and City Engineer shall sign the Minor Subdivision Plat. If any conditions are attached, the Minor Subdivision Plat or construction drawings shall be amended to reflect such changes and an accurate Minor Subdivision Plat shall be submitted to the City prior to signing.

#### 13-3-180. Recordation of Minor Final Plats.

Following acceptance by the DRC, the Minor Subdivision Plat bearing all official approvals shall be deposited in the office of the County Recorder for recording by the City. Only the City may record Minor Subdivision Plats. The Minor Subdivision Plat must be recorded with Utah County within 120 days after approval by the DRC. Approval expires and the plat must be resubmitted if the Minor Subdivision Plat is not recorded within 120 days. All inspection, testing and /or connection fees required by ordinance shall be paid and permits required shall be obtained prior to the recordation of the Minor Subdivision Plat.

## 13-3-190. Commencement/Completion time frame for Minor Final Plats.

- A. Prior to the construction of any improvements required by the Title, the Applicant shall meet the following criteria:
  - 1. Meet the City Construction and Development Standards.
  - 2. Provide the full security deposit required by this title.
  - 3. Provide all inspection fees required by this title.
  - 4. Meet all conditions for approval.
- B. All improvements within minor subdivisions must be completed within one year of the date of recordation. If improvements are not completed within the time limitation imposed herein, the City may forfeit any bond which shall have been posted by the owner or subdivider.
- C. This section is not applicable to minor plats created for the purpose of making lot line adjustments.

#### 13-3-200. Amendments to Minor Final Plats.

The City Engineer may approve minor amendments to approved Minor Subdivision Plat before the Minor Subdivision Plat is recorded, if he/she finds that the proposed amendments do not jeopardize the interest of the City or adjoining property owners. The 13-18 Updated 2/6/2020 types of amendments contemplated by this section may include, but not be limited to, legal description mistakes, minor boundary changes and items that should have been included on the original Minor Subdivision Plat. Major amendments to unrecorded approval Minor Subdivision Plat shall go back through the approval process. (Ordinance 3-16-16A)