

CHAPTER 2
ELECTRICAL CODE

SECTION:

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9-2-1:

- A. Purpose: To provide minimum standards to safeguard life or limb, health, property and public welfare from hazards arising from the use of electricity within buildings or structures in the City, and providing for issuance of permits and collection of fees thereof.
- B. Adopted: Pursuant to Utah Code Annotated Title 58, Chapter 56 and Administrative Rule R156-56. Utah Uniform Building Standard Act Rules, the State of Utah through the Utah Uniform Building Codes Commission, has adopted statewide uniform technical construction codes, including amendments, The National Electrical Code, as adopted by the State of Utah, shall be and is hereby adopted by Providence City Corporation, in the State of Utah; and each and all of the regulation, provisions, penalties, conditions and terms of said *National Electrical Code (hereafter Electrical Code)* are here by referred to, adopted, and made a part hereof.
 - 1. Public Availability. Pursuant to section 10-3-711, Utah Code Annotated, the building code is available for use and inspection by the public in the office of the City Recorder.
 - 2. Definitions:
 - a. Whenever the word “jurisdiction is used in the electrical code, it shall mean Providence City.
 - b. Whenever the words “administrative authority” or “code enforcement agency” are used in the electrical code, they shall mean the Building Division of Providence City or Its assigns.

9-2-2: **ENFORCEMENT OFFICIAL:** The Building Inspector shall perform all functions of electrical inspection and shall, among other things, inspect and supervise the construction, installation, and repairs of all electrical light and power wiring, fixtures or apparatus installed within the City and shall require compliance with the provisions of the Electrical Code. Wiring, fixtures, and apparatus heretofore installed need not necessarily

be made to conform strictly to all the provisions of the Electrical Code. The Building Inspector shall require the correction of such defects as he deems actually dangerous to life or property. Those same enforcement standards established in the Electrical Code shall be followed by the Building Inspector for all electrical work. (Ord., 8-25-1982; 1998 Code)

9-2-3: **PERMIT REQUIRED:** No alterations or additions shall be made in existing wiring, nor shall any wiring or any apparatus which generates, transmits, transforms or utilizes any electricity be installed without first obtaining a building permit, except for minor repair work (i.e., replacing fuses, changing switches and receptacles, repairing cords, etc.). This section shall not apply in power houses and substations owned by electrical utilities. The requirements for permits and inspection shall not apply to devices or systems operating at twenty five (25) volts or less. (Ord., 8-25-1982)

9-2-4: **FEES:** The electrical permit fees applicable in the City for use under the National Electrical Code, shall be as established in such Code or as established by resolution of the City Council. (1977 Code § 9-543; 1998 Code)

9-2-5: **ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS:**

- A. Notification to Building Inspector: It shall be unlawful for any person to do or cause to be done any electrical wiring or other electrical installation in a building or structure within the City without first notifying the Building Inspector of the kind and nature of such electric wiring or other electrical installation and the location of the building or structure in which the same is to be installed.

- B. Subject to Supervision and Inspection: All electric wiring or other electrical installations shall be subject to supervision and inspection by the Building Inspector. It shall be unlawful for any person to do or cause to be done any electrical wiring or electrical installations without first obtaining a permit as required by Section 9-2-3 of this Chapter.

- C. Unlawful Installation:
 - 1. Disconnection; Seal: If the Building Inspector shall find any electrical installation not in compliance with the provisions of this Chapter, not in accordance with the Electrical Code, or to be dangerous to life or property, the Building Inspector shall have the right and power to disconnect such installation and place a seal upon the same, and shall within one hour, give written notice of such disconnection to the owner or occupant of the building.

 - 2. Removal of Seal: After all violations have been corrected, the seal may be

removed by the Building Inspector. (Ord., 8-25-1982)

9-2-6: INSPECTION:

- A. Notification; Issuance of Certificate: Upon completion of the electrical installation, it shall be the duty of the person doing the work to notify the Building Inspector, who shall cause the same to be inspected and, if approved, to issue a certificate of inspection which shall contain the date of such inspection and a statement that the installation was approved.
- B. Unlawful to Connect Current without Certificate: It shall be unlawful for any person to turn on or connect power to any installation until a certificate of approval is issued. It shall also be unlawful to make any alterations or extensions of any installation without securing a new permit and following all procedures as for a new installation. (Ord., 8-25-1982)

9-2-7: DISTURBANCES:

- A. Declared Nuisance: Electrical installations which create electrical disturbances that cause interference with normal radio communication are hereby declared a nuisance. The owners or operators thereof shall so install and maintain such installations as to avoid or eliminate any such interference.
- B. Abatement: The Building Inspector shall withhold or withdraw approval of any electrical installation causing any of the above disturbances, and is hereby authorized to take all steps necessary for the abatement of such conditions. (Ord., 8-25-1982)